Evaluation of productivity enhancement of a solar still coupled with flat solar collector and parabolic trough under medina climate

Hamed M.A. Al-Ahmadi^{a,*}, Omar O. Badran^{a,†}, Khaled S. AlQdah^a, Rashad A.H. Anani^b, Mohamed A.A. Nawar^c

^aMechanical Engineering Department, College of Engineering, Taibah University, Medina 41411, Saudi Arabia, emails: hamed87@yahoo.com (H.M.A. Al-Ahmadi), o_badran@yahoo.com (O.O. Badran), dr.khaled_qdah@yahoo.com (K.S. AlQdah) ^bTaibah University Maintenance Administration, BL Contract Company, Medina, KSA, email: ranani2008@yahoo.com ^cMechanical Power Engineering Department, Faculty of Engineering, Helwan University, Mattaria, Egypt, email: mohamed_nawar@m-eng.helwan.edu.e

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ABSTRACT

Convectional solar stills coupled with either flat plate collector (FPC) or parabolic trough concentrator (PTC) have been investigated in different condition sets. In this experimental study, double slope solar still (DSSS) is coupled with FPC or PTC and the test was extended further to the coupling of both collectors to find out the performance of these different setups under the meteorological condition of the city of Medina west of Arabia. The three devices are connected in series where circulated water is heated first by FPC and then by PTC before entering a heat exchanger in a basin of DSSS. It has been found that solar still productivity can be improved substantially by such coupling. The experimental result shows that the accumulated yield from the standalone still, coupled with PTC, still coupled with FPC, and still coupled with both were 2.85, 4.27, 6.41, and 7.63 L/m²/d, respectively. Also, the experimental investigation found that the water temperatures increased by about 9% for solar still integrated with PTC to about 27% for solar still integrated with the two collectors relative to standalone solar still under similar climate conditions.

Keywords: Double slope solar still; Improved solar still yield; Solar desalination; Flat solar collector; Parabolic trough; Active solar still; Solar energy

* First and correspondence author email: hamed87@yahoo.com

⁺Dr. Badran was faculty member at Taibah University, College of Engineering, and was participating in this research that time when he was in a sabbatical leave from Al-Balqa Applied University, Faculty of Engineering Technology.

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