Long-term survival and successful conservation? Low genetic diversity but no evidence for reduced reproductive success at the north-westernmost range edge of *Poa badensis* (Poaceae) in Central Europe. *Biodiversity and Conservation*. Plenk K, Bardy K, Höhn M & Kropf M.

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Online Resource 1 Exemplarily tested ploidy levels of *Poa badensis* individuals representing the three study regions (G, A, H)

The tested Austrian and Hungarian individuals showed on average a peak at 85.60 (FL1; first peak), those from the German exclave at 162.02 (FL1; first peak), i.e. indicating different ploidy levels taken as "diploidy" and "tetraploidy". In both graphs the second peak represents the used standard *Pisum sativum* 'Kleine Rheinländerin' (FL1: 351.92).

